Because Hormones Matter

What are they and how do they impact our lives.



Hypothalamus and

Thyroid gland

Parathyroid glands

Pancreas

Adipose tissue

How do hormones work?

• Hormones are biological messengers that travel throughout the body, telling our cells and organs what to do.

- · Hormones are essential, they
- help us grow and mature
 - cope with stress
 - help us stay fit and healthy
 - manage our metabolism
- determine our sexual function
- There are many hormones, each with its

own essential function.

Insulin Cortisol Testosterone Leptin Adrenaline Oestrogen Melatonin Prolactin Thyroxine Growth Hormone and many more

What is **Endocrinology?**

· Endocrinology is the study of hormones in the human body and their roles in health and disease.

What are Endocrine **Disorders?**

- Endocrine disorders are caused and characterised by abnormal (too high – too low) hormone levels.
- Endocrine disorders include obesity, diabetes, thyroid disease, cancer, growth disorders, hypertension, osteoporosis, infertility and sexual dysfunction, and many rare diseases.
- · More than three quarters of the population will need an endocrinologist at some point in their life.



www.ese-hormones.org

European Hormone and Metabolism Foundation

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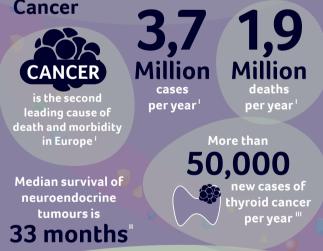
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Because Hormones Matter

It is time to recognise the role of hormones in preventing, treating and living with some of the most prevalent diseases in the world.





Strengthen the endocrine perspective and acknowledge the endocrine cancers in the Beating Cancer Plan and Horizon Europe research calls.

Endocrine Disrupting Chemicals

Between €157 and € 270 Billion per year in health care expenses and lost earning potential

Strengthen and harmonise legislation and respect the precautionary principle to avoid production and exposure to pesticides, biocides and consumer products containing suspected EDCs.

in Europe

Obesity

of all cancers

diagnosed are

attributed to

overweight or

obesity.

Worldwide, obesity increases the risk of comorbidities and is responsible for about

> of cases of type 2 diabetes,

of ischaemic heart disease

of hypertensive disease among adults in Europe.

of children live with overweight or obesity in Europe.

Recognise obesity as a chronic relapsing endocrine disease by all stakeholders at European and national levels, focus on prevention and develop new treatment options.

Rare Endocrine Diseases

Rare diseases affect approximately

elated to the endocrine system

Europe Key issues to address are: Rare diseases are often chronic and life threatening, late diagnosis, need for

access to expert centres, many diseases have no cure.

Allocate the resources to mature the critical role of the European Reference Networks, drive the development of registries and innovation in diagnosis and treatment.

Join European Hormone Day at: www.europeanhormoneday.org

- WHO/Europe | Cancer Data and statistics https://www.esmo.org/content/download/8584/174877/file/ESMO-Ep-
- idemiology-classification-and-clinical-presentation-of-NETs-A-European Perspective.pdf
 An innovative non-invasive tool for thyroid cancer screening | News | CORDIS |
 | European Commission (europa.eu)
- Enabling a circular economy for chemicals in plastics | Elsevier Enhanced
- High disease costs attributed to EDC exposure | Food Packaging Forum
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 - https://www.cdc.gov/mmwr/volumes/66/wr/mm6639e1.htm Diabetes and obesity rates soar Diabetes UK https://www.euro.who.int/_data/assets/pdf_file/0008/98243/E89858.
 - https://pubmed.ncbi.nlm.nih.gov/29036436/
 Childhood Obesity on the Rise in Europe (caloriecontrol.org)

eurreca-core-registry-conditions-dictionary-v3.2.xlsx (live.com)

Rare diseases | European Commission (europa.eu)



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